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Sarah J. Dougan, Michael Melchart, Abraha Habtemariam, Simon Parsons, and Peter J. Sadler*: Phenylazo-pyridine and Phenylazo-pyrazole chlorido Ruthenium(II) Arene Complexes: Arene Loss, Aquation, and Cancer Cell Cytotoxicity

Page 10888. The text should read as follows: “Azpy displays a weak $n \rightarrow \pi^*$ (forbidden) transition at 445 nm, and while this transition was not observed for the other ligands, it may be masked by the intense $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$ transitions.”

Page 10888. The text should read as follows: “Upon deprotonation of azpy-OH, the $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$ transitions shift from 246 and 358 nm to 268 and 435 nm.”

Page 10889. For Figure 6, the caption should read as follows: “**Figure 6.** UV-vis spectra for fresh aqueous solutions of $[(\eta^6\text{-}p\text{-cym})\text{Ru}(\text{azpy})\text{Cl}]\text{PF}_6$ (**1**, 58 μM , —), $[(\eta^6\text{-}p\text{-cym})\text{Ru}(\text{azpy-NMe}_2)\text{Cl}]\text{PF}_6$ (**5**, 54 μM , - - -), $[(\eta^6\text{-}p\text{-cym})\text{Ru}(\text{azpy-OH})\text{Cl}]\text{PF}_6$ (**9**, 49 μM , - - -), and $[(\eta^6\text{-}p\text{-cym})\text{Ru}(\text{azpyz-NMe}_2)\text{Cl}]\text{PF}_6$ (**13**, 56 μM , - - - -) showing the effect of variations in the azo ligand on the absorption spectrum.”

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